

Data Visualization with R Language

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Why Visualize Data?



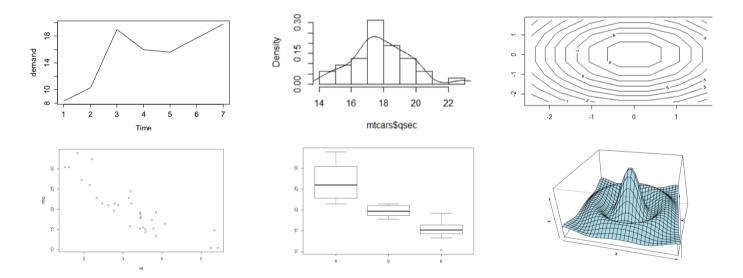
• For better presentation and communication

											35 -							
	mpg	cyl di	sp hp) drat	wt	qsec	VS	am	gear	carb	00							
Mazda RX4	21.0				2.620		0	1	4	4								
Mazda RX4 Wag	21.0	6 160	.0 110	3.90	2.875	17.02	0	1	4	4		100						
Datsun 710	22.8	4 108	.0 93	3.85	2.320	18.61	1	1	4	1	30 -	••					and	
Hornet 4 Drive	21.4	6 2 5 8	.0 110	3.08	3.215	19.44	1	0	3	1							cyl	
Hornet Sportabout	18.7	8 360	.0 175	3.15	3.440	17.02	0	0	3	2								8
Valiant	18.1	6 225	.0 105	2.76	3.460	20.22	1	0	3	1			•				1.00	
Duster 360	14.3	8 360	.0 245	3.21	3.570	15.84	0	0	3	4	- 55							7
Merc 240D	24.4	4 146	.7 62	3.69	3.190	20.00	1	0	4	2	g							
Merc 230	22.8	4 140	.8 95	3.92	3.150	22.90	1	0	4	2	문						Sec. 1	0
Merc 280	19.2	6 167	.6 123	3.92	3.440	18.30	1	0	4	4	E							6
Merc 280C	17.8	6 167	.6 123	3.92	3.440	18.90	1	0	4	4	- 0		•		•			-
Merc 450SE	16.4	8 275	.8 180	3.07	4.070	17.40	0	0	3	3								5
Merc 450SL	17.3	8 275	.8 180	3.07	3.730	17.60	0	0	3	3				1.00				
Merc 450SLC	15.2	8 275	.8 180	3.07	3.780	18.00	0	0	3	3	15 -				•			A
Cadillac Fleetwood	10.4	8 472	.0 205	2.93	5.250	17.98	0	0	3	4	10			•			_	-
Lincoln Continental	10.4	8 460	.0 215	3.00	5.424	17.82	0	0	3	4					-			
Chrysler Imperial	14.7	8 440	.0 230	3.23	5.345	17.42	0	0	3	4								
Fiat 128	32.4	4 78	.7 66	5 4.08	2.200	19.47	1	1	4	1	10 -					• •		
Honda Civic	30.4	4 75	.7 52	4.93	1.615	18.52	1	1	4	2			1	1	1	1		
						J							2	3	4	5		
														wt				

What Can We Do with R?



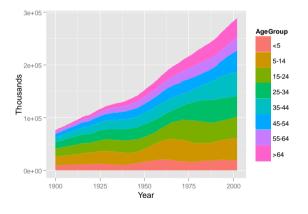
• Exploratory Visualization



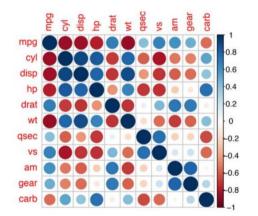
What Can We Do with R?



• Plotting for deeper insights



The change of age structure



Correlation matrix with correlation coefficient

Outline



- Basic Plotting Function in R
- Advanced Plotting in R: "ggplot2" packages



Data Visualization with R Language: Basic Plotting Function in R





• "BOD" data

The biochemical oxygen demand and corresponding time was recorded in an evaluation of water quality.

Time	1	2	3	4	5	6
demand	8.3	10.3	19.0	16.0	15.6	19.8

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Dataset I

• "BOD" data

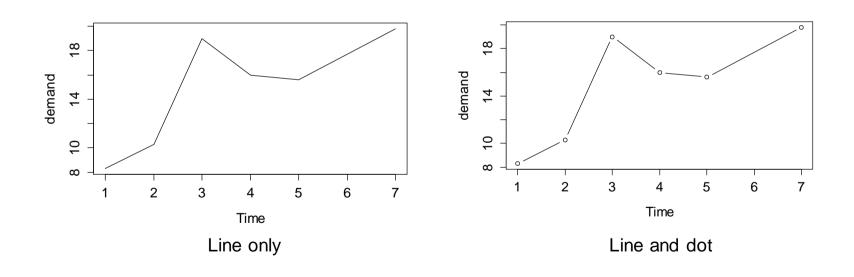
R object

>	BOD	
	Time	demand
1	1	8.3
2	2	10.3
3	3	19.0
4	4	16.0
5	5	15.6
6	7	19.8



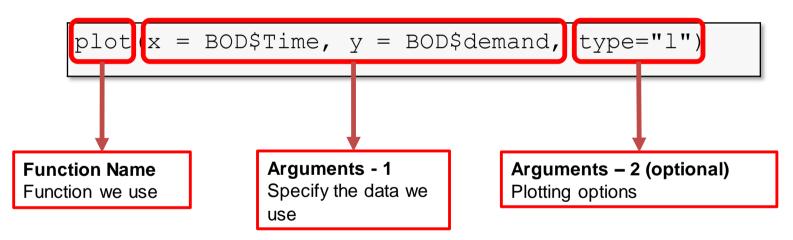


Line Plot



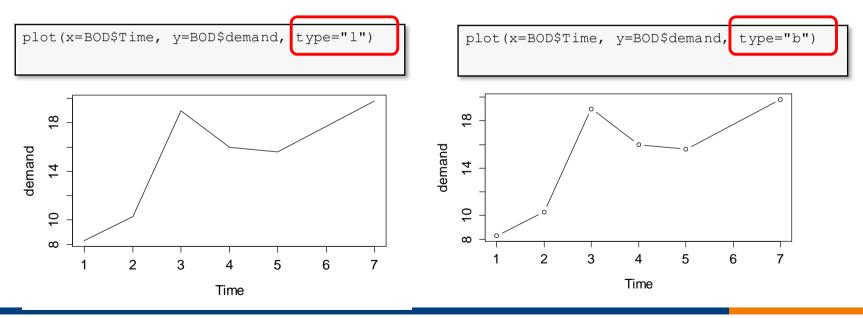


Commonly Used Function for Plotting





Line Plot





Line Plot

Previous usage

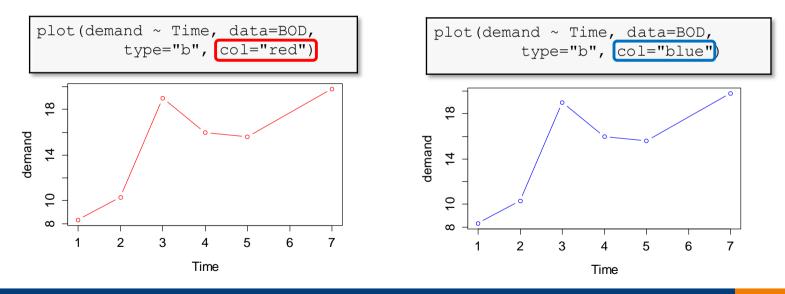
plot(x=BOD\$Time, y=BOD\$demand, type="1")

Alternative commands

plot(demand ~ Time, data=BOD, type="1"



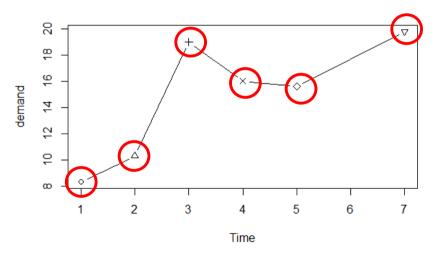
More Options - Color





More Options – Shape







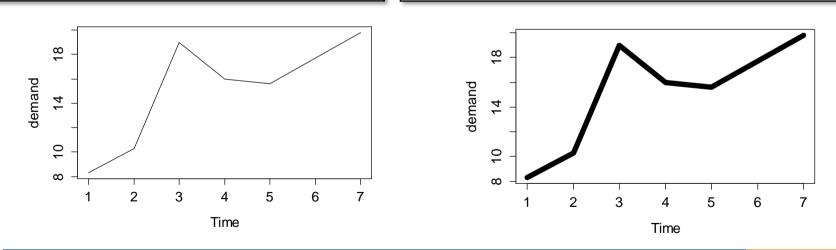
More Options on shape by using "pch" argument

O 1	△2	+3	imes4	<>5	
76	⊠7	₩8	\$9	⊕10	
\$₹11	⊞12	⊠13	⊠14	1 5	
●16	▲ 17	♦18	●19	●20	
○21	□22	<>23	△24	√25	

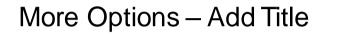


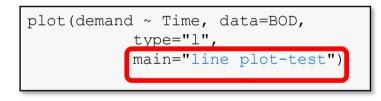
More Options – Line Width

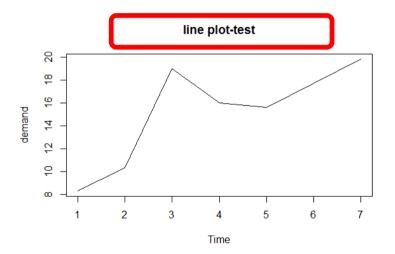
plot(demand ~ Time, data=BOD, type="1") plot(demand ~ Time, data=BOD, type="1", lwd=5)





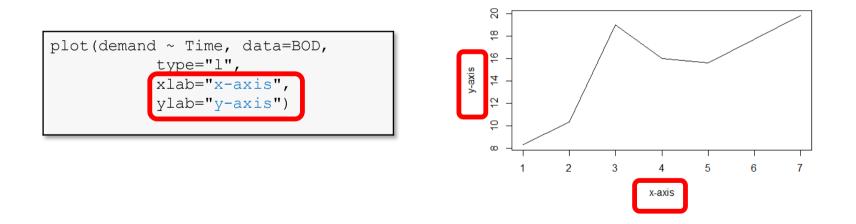








More Options – Change Labels





More Options

?par

To explore more options in plotting functions,

Gra	phical Parameters
adj	
	The value of adj determines the way in which text strings are justified in text. mtext and title. A value of 0 produces left-justified text, 0.5 (the default) centered text and 1 right-justified text. (Any value in [0, 1] is allowed, and on most devices values outside that interval will also work.)
	Note that the adj argument of <u>text</u> also allows adj = c(x, y) for different adjustment in x- and y- directions. Note that whereas for text it refers to positioning of text about a point, for mtext and title it controls placement within the plot or device region.
ann	
	If set to FALSE, high-level plotting functions calling plot.default do not annotate the plots they produce with axis titles and overall titles. The default is to do annotation.
ask	
	logical. If TRUE (and the R session is interactive) the user is asked for input, before a new figure is drawn. As this applies to the device, it also affects output by packages grid and lattice. It can be set even on non-screen devices but may have no effect there.
	This not really a graphics parameter, and its use is deprecated in favour of devAskNewPage.

.

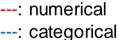
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Dataset II

• "mtcars" data

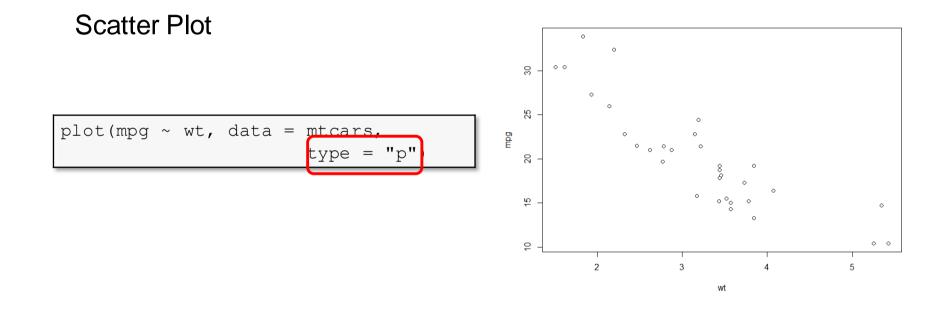
The data was extracted from the 1974 *Motor Trend* US magazine, and comprises fuel consumption and 10 aspects of automobile design and performance for 32 automobiles (1973–74 models)

	mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat	wt	qsec	vs	am	gear	carb
Mazda RX4	21	6	160	110	3.9	2.62	16.46	0	1	4	4
Mazda RX4 Wag	21	6	160	110	3.9	2.875	17.02	0	1	4	4
Datsun 710	22.8	4	108	93	3.85	2.32	18.61	1	1	4	1
Hornet 4 Drive	21.4	6	258	110	3.08	3.215	19.44	1	0	3	1
Hornet Sportabout	18.7	8	360	175	3.15	3.44	17.02	0	0	3	2

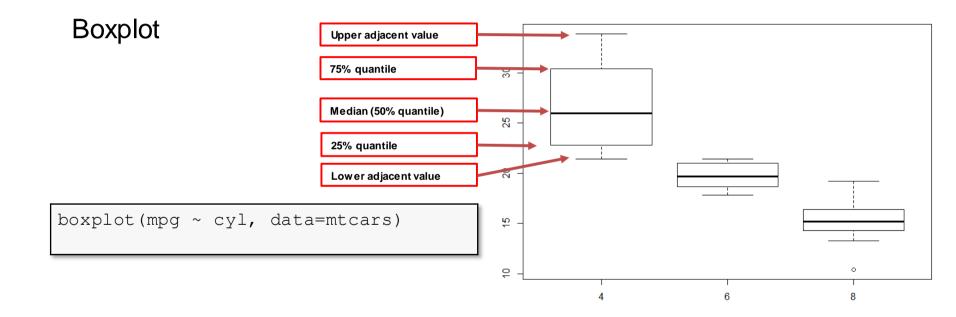




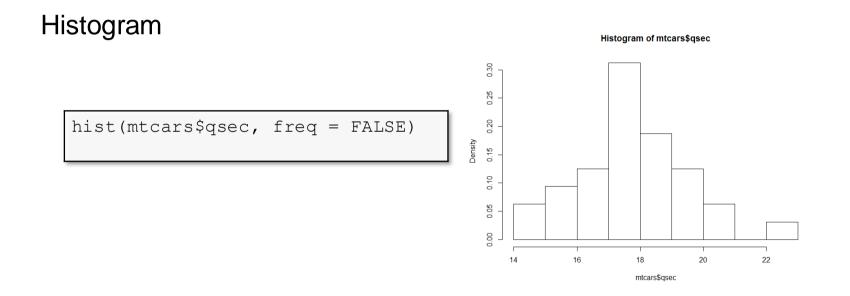








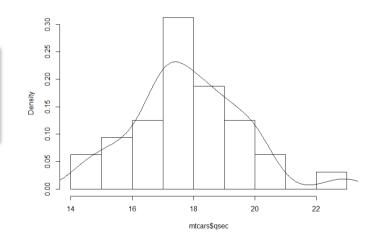






Histogram

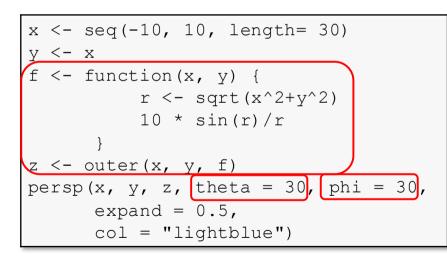
hist(mtcars\$qsec, freq = FALSE)
d <- density(mtcars\$qsec)
lines(d)</pre>

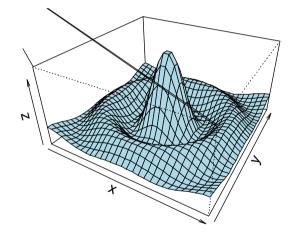


Histogram of mtcars\$qsec



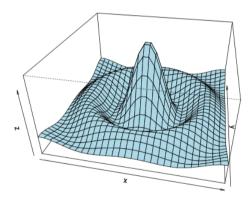
3-D Graphics

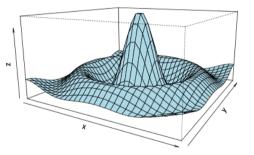






3-D Graphics

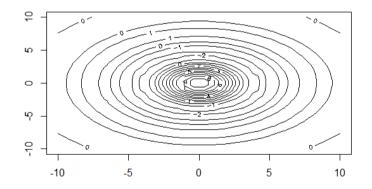




(GIF made with "animation" package)



Contour Plot





Data Visualization with R Language: "ggplot2" package

What is "ggplot2"



- A packaged developed by Hadley Wickham (Chief scientist at Rstudio);
- A plotting system for R, based on the grammar of graphics by Leland Wilkonson
 - An abstraction which makes thinking, reasoning and communicating graphics easier
 - Enables us to concisely describe the components of a graphic
- Produce complex multi-layered graphics



• Call "ggplot2" package

library(ggplot2)

"ggplot2" is a separate package, so we need to "call" it before we use it.



• A "wrong" example

```
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(BOD, aes(x = Time, y = demand))
```

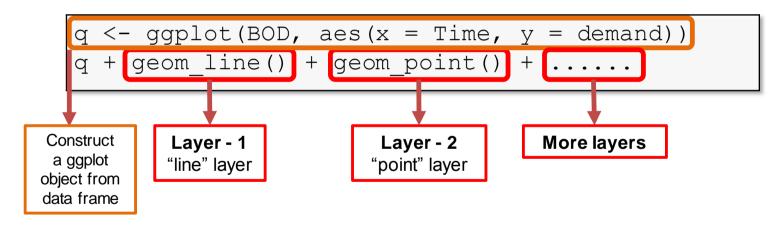
Error: No layers in plot

- · ggplot() is typically used to construct a plot incrementally
- \cdot Use + operator to add layers to the existing ggplot object
- \cdot Explicitly decide which layers are added and the order in which they are added

Common Pattern



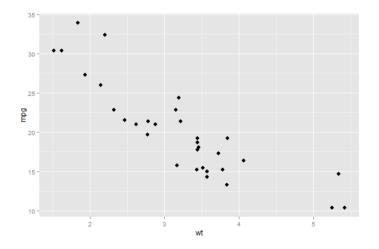
• Common pattern in the usage of "ggplot2"



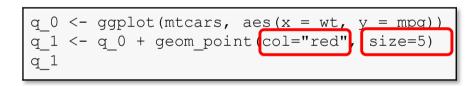


• Add a "point" layer

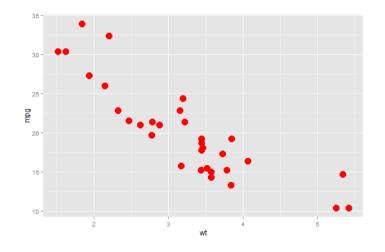
q_0 <- ggplot(mtcars, aes(x = wt, y = mpg))
q_1 <- q_0+ geom_point()
q_1</pre>



• Add a "point" layer

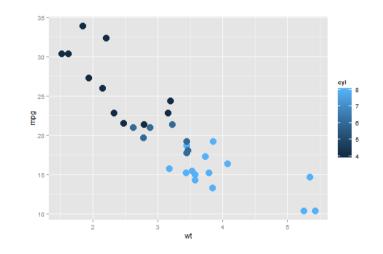






• Add a "point" layer

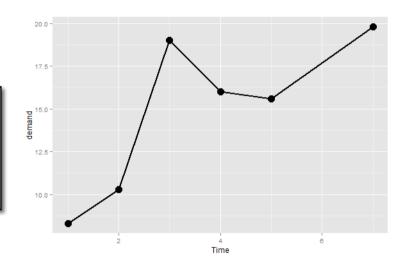




• Add a multiple layer

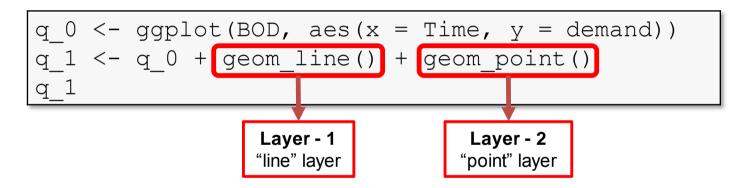
```
q_0 <- ggplot(BOD, aes(x = Time, y = demand))
q_1 <- q_0 + geom_point()
q_1
q_2 <- q_1 + geom_line()
q_2</pre>
```







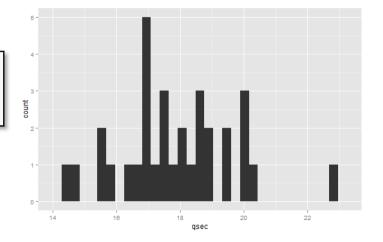
• Add a multiple layer





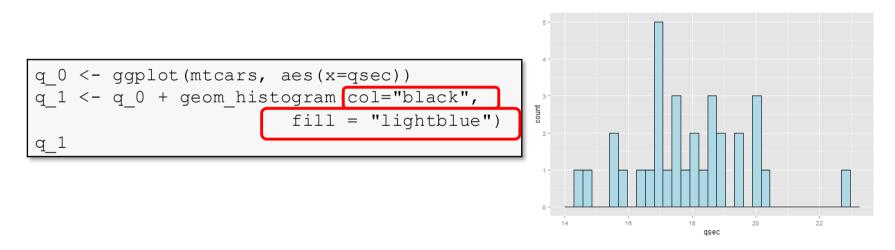
• Histogram

q_0 <- ggplot(mtcars, aes(x=qsec))
q_1 <- q_0 + geom_histogram()
q_1</pre>



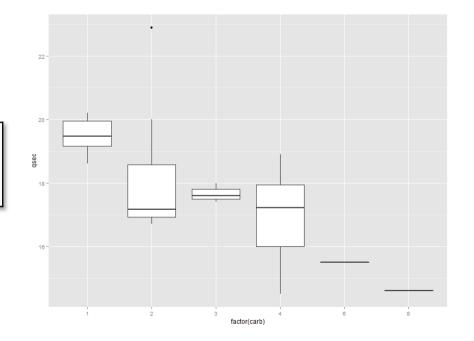


• Histogram



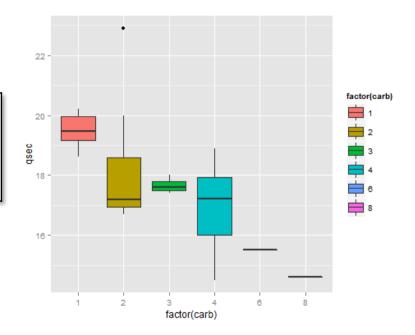


• Boxplot

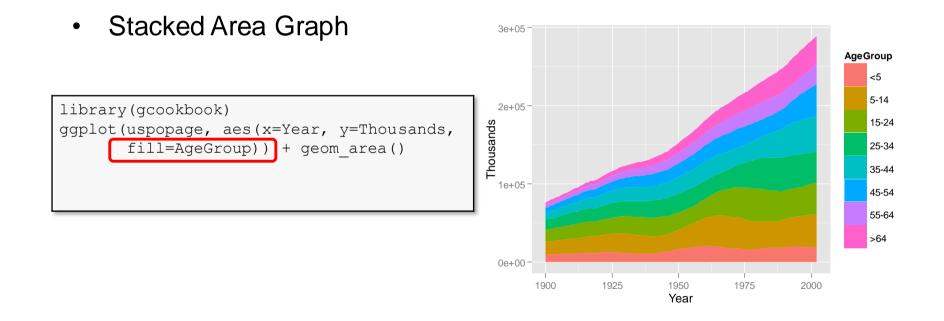




• Boxplot







"ggplot2" Other Options



• Others Applicable Layers

geom_abline
geom_area
geom_bar
geom_boxplot
geom_contour
geom_density
geom_dotplot
geom_histogram

geom_line
geom_map
geom_path
geom_point
geom_rug
geom_step
geom_text
geom_violin

Reference



- Hadley Wickham, A Layered Grammar of Graphics, <u>http://vita.had.co.nz/papers/layered-grammar.pdf</u>
- <u>http://fbmap.bitaesthetics.com/</u>
- <u>https://support.rstudio.com/hc/en-us/articles/200551906-Interactive-</u> <u>Plotting-with-Manipulate</u>
- <u>http://www.cookbook-r.com/Graphs/</u>
- Book: Winston Chang, R Graphics Cookbook, O'Reilly



Thanks

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